§ 1627.4

the recipient's annual audit requirement with regard to the subgrant funds.

(d) The recipient shall be responsible for repaying the Corporation for any disallowed expenditures by a subrecipient, irrespective of whether the recipient is able to recover such expenditures from the subrecipient.

(e) To assure subrecipient compliance with the Act, Congressional restrictions having the force of law, Corporation Regulations (45 CFR chapter XVI), and Corporation Guidelines or Instructions, contracts between a recipient and a subrecipient shall provide for the same oversight rights for the Corporation with respect to subrecipients as apply to recipients.

[48 FR 54209, Nov. 30, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 1703, Jan. 13, 1984]

§ 1627.4 Membership fees or dues.

(a) LSC funds may not be used to pay membership fees or dues to any private or nonprofit organization, whether on behalf of a recipient or an individual.

(b) Paragraph (a) of this section does not apply to the payment of membership fees or dues mandated by a governmental organization to engage in a profession, or to the payment of membership fees or dues from non-LSC funds.

[62 FR 19418, Apr. 21, 1997]

§ 1627.5 Contributions.

Any contributions or gifts of Corporation funds to another organization or to an individual are prohibited.

§ 1627.6 Transfers to other recipients.

(a) The requirements of \$1627.3 shall apply to all subgrants by one recipient to another recipient.

(b) The subrecipient shall audit any funds subgranted to it in its annual audit and supply a copy of this audit to the recipient. The recipient shall either submit the relevant part of this audit with its next annual audit or, if an audit has been recently submitted, submit it as an addendum to that recently submitted audit.

(c) In addition to the provisions of §1627.3(d), the Corporation may hold the subrecipient directly responsible for any disallowed expenditures of

subgrant funds. Thus, the Corporation may recover all of the disallowed costs from either recipient or subrecipient or may divide the recovery between the two; the Corporation's total recovery may not exceed the amount of expenditures disallowed.

(d) Funds received by a recipient from other recipients in the form of fees and dues shall be accounted for and included in the annual audit of the recipient receiving these funds as Corporation funds.

§ 1627.7 Tax sheltered annuities, retirement accounts and pensions.

No provision contained in this part shall be construed to affect any payment by a recipient on behalf of its employees for the purpose of contributing to or funding a tax sheltered annuity, retirement account, or pension fund.

[62 FR 19418, Apr. 21, 1997]

§ 1627.8 Recipient policies, procedures and recordkeeping.

Each recipient shall adopt written policies and procedures to guide its staff in complying with this part and shall maintain records sufficient to document the recipient's compliance with this part.

[62 FR 19418, Apr. 21, 1997]

PART 1628—RECIPIENT FUND BALANCES

Sec.

1628.1 Purpose.

1628.2 Definitions.

1628.3 Policy.

1628.4 Procedure.

1628.5 Fund balance deficits.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 1006(b)(1)(A), 1007(a)(3); 42 U.S.C. 2996e(b)(1)(A), 42 U.S.C. 2996f(a)(3).

Source: 49 FR 21332, May 21, 1984, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1628.1 Purpose.

(a) This part is designed to ensure the timely allocation of Legal Services Corporation (LSC) funds for the effective and economical provision of high quality legal assistance to eligible clients. To that end, recipients will be permitted to maintain and re-program from year to year fund balances of no